

Air Force Global Strike Command

Missile Community Cancer Study Town Hall

Thank you for joining us today.
The Town Hall will begin at 2 p.m. Central.

Email questions to:

afgsc.paworkflow@us.af.mil

We will monitor this email throughout the Town Hall.



Air Force Global Strike Command

Missile Community Cancer Study (MCCS) Update



Gen Thomas Bussiere AFGSC/CC June 2025



Missile Community Cancer Study Objectives



Assess the as-is environmental state at the three active Missile Wings.



Identify the risk of exposure to our Airman and develop institutional processes to document and communicate potential risks for Airman and their families.



Understand the scope of potential exposures, 1976 through current day, and document exposures for DoD, separated and retired members, families, and VA partners.

Environmental Sampling

DOEHRS/ILER

Epidemiology Review



MCCS Timeline/Recap

December 2022 - Space Force Guardian and Former Missileer started an important dialogue: *Do Missileers have an increased cancer risk?*

Missile Community Cancer Study

Current Timeline



March-May 2023

Site Visits & Town Halls

AFGSC and USAF School of Aerospace Medicine (USAFSAM) design a 2-track study environmental and epidemiological - based off missile alert facility (MAF) site visits and missile community member feedback.



Aug-Oct 2023

PCBs Identified &
Mitigation Efforts Completed

Results from round 1 of sampling identify Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) levels above U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) recommended standards at 4 sites. These sites are immediately closed until cleaning and mitigation efforts are complete.



Fall 2024

Round 3
Environmental Sampling

USAFSAM completes the final round of environmental sampling, and an epidemiological review of cancer registries for the DoD (1986-2021) and the Dept. of Veteran Affairs (1976-2021).



December 2025

Epidemiology Review Complete

The epidemiological study is projected to be completed, reviewing civilian cancer registries.



February 2023

AFGSC/CC Directs
Study via USAFSAM

Commander of Air Force Global Strike Command (AFGSC) initiates the Missile Community Cancer Study (MCCS) to assess potential risk factors and cancer prevalence in missile-related career fields.



June-July 2023

Round 1

Environmental Sampling

USAFSAM completes the 1st of 3 rounds of environmental sampling, testing for known hazardous materials at every active MAF within AFGSC; begins combing databases for epidemiological trends.



Oct-Nov 2023

Round 2

Environmental Sampling

USAFSAM completes the 2nd of 3 rounds of environmental sampling and begins the analysis of electronic medical data from 2001-2021 for Air Force Specialty Codes (AFSCs) which work in/around MAFs.



Spring 2025

Phase 1C &

Comprehensive

Health Risk Assessment
USAFSAM completes Phase 1C of the

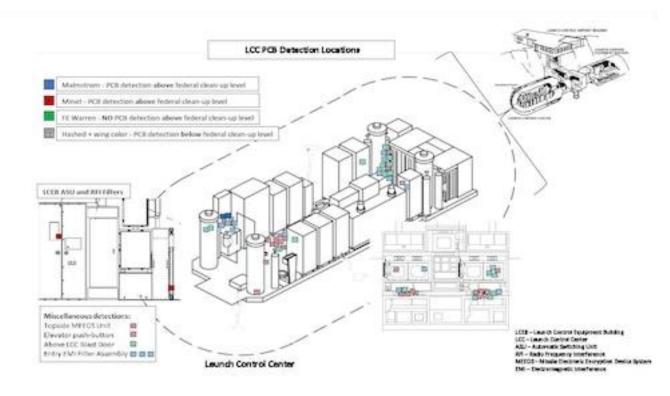
USAFSAM completes Phase IC of the Epidemiological Review, which used National Death Index Data (1979-2020). With the Environmental Sampling complete, begin collaborating with the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health on the comprehensive health risk assessment.

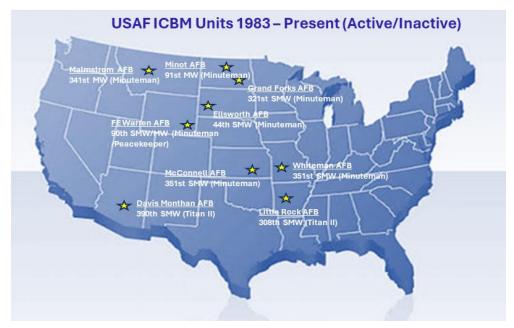
Current as of 04 February 2025 Air Force Global Strike Command Public Affairs



Ongoing Efforts

- PCB response protocols standardization complete
 - Maintenance Technical Orders (TOs)
 - Civil Engineer Manuals
 - Signage



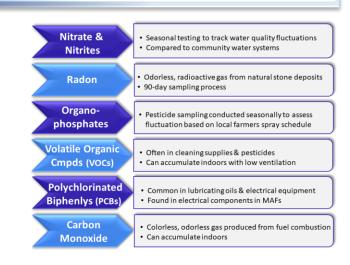


- Missile Alert Facility (MAF) improve environmental system inspection processes
- Deep Cleaning contract in progress
- PCB Cleaning contract awarded
- Launch Facility (LF) PCB sampling integrated into inspection processes



Environmental Sampling Results

- 20th Air Force Missile Wings: all 45 Missile Alert Facilities (MAFs) tested in each of 3 seasonal rounds - over 8400 samples
 - Vandenberg SFB missile facilities
 - Hill AFB Strategic Missile Integration Complex (SMIC)
- All Rounds: all air, water, & soil samples <u>below</u> acceptable regulatory levels for any chemicals or hazards
- Radon levels well <u>below</u> intervention threshold for all 5 bases



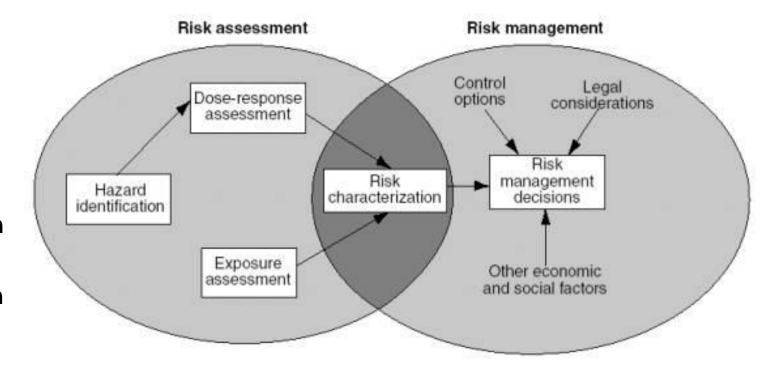


- PCBs on surfaces, only hazard discovered above EPA recommended threshold
- Long-lasting chemicals widely used in electrical, heat transfer, and hydraulic equipment
 - Labeled as a potential carcinogen, US banned production in 1979
 - AF Civil Engineer Elimination of Liquid PCBs Prioritization Guidance, 1996
 - 3 MAFs (4 surface samples out of 1205 total at 5 bases) over EPA recommended threshold for mitigation
 - PCBs mitigated to prevent exposure



Health Risk Assessment (HRA)

- US Environmental Protection Agency's HRA Process
 - Hazard Identification
 - Dose-Response Assessment
 - Exposure Assessment
 - Risk Characterization
- 3 Exposure Routes
 - Air (chemical & Radon) → Inhalation
 - Water → Ingestion
 - Surface containments → Absorption



- 2 Types of HRA
 - Cancer
 - Non-Cancer (targeted organ risk)

Source: EPA Office of Research and Development.



HRA Methodology

Methodology Overview

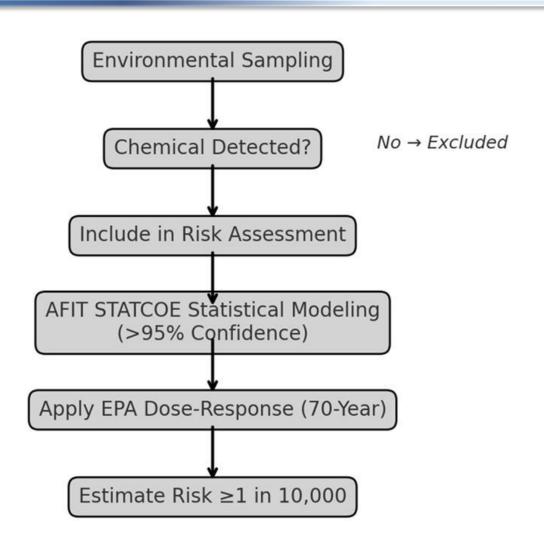
- Developed in consultation with NIOSH experts
- Inclusion: Any detected chemical assessed
- Exclusion: Non-detected substances

Statistical Approach

>95% confidence estimation by AFIT STATCOE

Dose-Response & Risk Modeling

- Carcinogen data from EPA (70-year exposure)
- Conservative assumptions for safety
 - MAF exposure duration is much shorter





HRA Carcinogen References

- Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)
 - International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC)
 - US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
 - Health and Human Services' National Toxicology Program (NTP)
 - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH)
- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)
- American Cancer Society: US lifetime cancer risk
 - Males 39.9% (3,990 per 10,000)
 - Females 39.0% (3,900 per 10,000)



HRA Cancer Risk

The potential cancer risks based on the 3 rounds of sampling are presented as a range.

- The lower bound estimate is based on 8-years of exposure
- The conservative, upper bound estimate is based on 70-years of exposure

The additional estimated lifetime risks to develop cancer for members working in the Missile Alert Facilities are:

- Malmstrom: <1-23 potential cancer cases in 10,000 persons; (0.23%)
 - Probability for males 39.9% to 40.13%; probability for females 39.0% to 39.23%
- F.E. Warren: <1-11 potential cancer cases in 10,000 persons; (0.11%)
 - Probability for males 39.9% to 40.01%; probability for females 39.0% to 39.11%
- Minot: <1-7 potential cancer cases in 10,000 persons; (0.07%)
 - Probability for males 39.9% to 39.97%; probability for females 39.0% to 39.07%



This risk assessment is not specific to any type of cancer



Cancer Risk- Malmstrom AFB

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER	MATRIX	ROUTE OF EXPOSURE	INHALATION CANCER RISK	INGESTION CANCER RISK	DERMAL CANCER RISK	CUMULATIVE CANCER RISK BY EXPOSURE PATHWAY	TOTAL ESTIMATED CANCER RISK	EXCEEDS ONE EXCESS CANCER RISK IN TEN THOUSAND [0.0001]?*	CANCER RISK**
Benzene	71-43-2			0.00179				0.00234	Yes	
Styrene	100-42-5		Inhalation	7.98E-06						
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	Air		3.38E-04			0.00223			
Radon-222	14859-67-7			1E-4						Potential Cancer Risk
Di(2- ethy lhexyl)phthalate	117-81-7				4.81E-07		4.505.05			Equals 23 in 10,000 MAF Occupants
2,3,7,8- Tetrachlorodibenzo- p-dioxin	1746-01-6	Drinking Water	Ingestion		1.75E-05		1.79E-05			
Aroclor 1260	11096-82-5					4.6E-05				
Aroclor 1254	11097-69-1	Surface	Absorption			4.6E-05	9.26E-05			

^{*} Source: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, Current Intelligence Bulletin 68: NIOSH Chemical Carcinogen Policy (2017)

^{**} Number is attributed to Total Cancer Risk, which may include Non-Hodgkins Lymphoma (NHL)



Non-Cancer Health Screening Value

Health screening value (HSV) (screening for long term exposure)

- Derived from prioritized sources:
 - Federal screening levels (EPA, ATSDR, DOE, etc)
 - State screening levels
 - Military exposure guidelines
 - International screening levels
 - Air Force health limits
- Consider risks from simultaneous exposures to multiple hazardous substances through all routes of exposure.
- Chemicals often impact multiple organs
 - Benzene impacts blood, bone marrow, central nervous system, GI tract



Non-Cancer Risk

Statistical Base Exposure are the 95% confidence estimations from 3 sampling rounds

- The **lower bound** levels are based on Federally regulated limits (OSHA)
- The conservative <u>upper bound</u> levels are based on health screening value
- Both regulatory and HSV hazard quotients were added across 3 routes and 13 target organs

$$Hazard\ Quotient\ (HQ) = \frac{Statistical\ Base\ Exposure}{Federal\ Limits\ or\ HSV}$$

- HQ < 1 indicates action not warranted</p>
- HQ > 1 indicates action may be warranted

Upper and Lower Bounds by Number of Target Organs										
Installation	Federal (Lower Bound)	HSV (Upper Bound)								
Malmstrom	1	11								
F.E. Warren	0	11								
Minot	0	1								





Upper Bound – Malmstrom AFB

BY TARGET ORGAN														
Chemical Name	CAS Number	BL	BM	CNS	CVS	EY	GIT	IS	Ki	Li	RP	RS	SK	UT
Benzene	71-43-2	0.702	0.702	0.702		0.702	0.702	0.702			0.702		0.702	
Styrene	100-42-5	0.005		0.005	0.005	0.005				0.005			0.005	
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2			0.636	0.636	0.636	0.636	0.636	0.636	0.636		0.636		0.636
Toluene	108-88-3			0.007	0.007	0.007		0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007
Trans-1,2- Dichloroethylene	156-60-5			0.265		0.265		0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265		0.265	
Radon-222	14859-67-7										0.050			
p+m-Xylene	179601-23-1	0.058		0.058			0.058		0.058	0.058	0.058		0.058	
Di(2- ethylhexyl)phthalate	117-81-7			0.183		0.183	0.183	0.183	0.183	0.183	0.183	0.183	0.183	
2,3,7,8- Tetrachlorodibenzo- p-dioxin	1746-01-6					0.143			0.143	0.143		0.143	0.143	
Total Nitrate/Nitrite	14797-55-8	0.460			0.460							0.460		
Aroclor-1260	11096-82-5												0.925	
Aroclor-1254	11097-69-1												0.925	
Cumulative Risk By	Target Organ	1.225	0.702	1.852	1.108	1.942	1.580	1.794	1.293	1.298	1.266	1.429	3.214	0.643

Target Organs: BL – Blood, BM – Bone Marrow, CNS – Central Nervous System, CVS – Cardiovascular System, EY – Eyes, GIT – Gastrointestinal Tract, IS – Immune System, Ki – Kidneys, Li – Liver, RP – Respiratory System, RS – Reproductive System, SK-Skin, UT – Urinary Tract



Lower Bound - Malmstrom AFB

BY TARGET ORGAN															
Chemical Name	CAS Number	Federal Health Limit [µg/m³]	BL	ВМ	CNS	CVS	EY	GIT	IS	Ki	Li	RP	RS	SK	UT
Benzene	71-43-2	3,190	0.072	0.072	0.072		0.072	0.072	0.072			0.072		0.072	
Styrene	100-42-5	426,180	0.000		0.000	0.000	0.000				0.000			0.000	
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	200,000			0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		0.000		0.000
Toluene	108-88-3	753,370			0.000	0.000	0.000		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Trans-1,2- Dichloroethylene	156-60-5	793,000			0.000		0.000		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		0.000	
p+m-Xylene	179601-23-1	435,000	0.000		0.000			0.000		0.000	0.000	0.000		0.000	
Chemical Name	CAS Number	Federal Health Limit [WLM/yr]	BL	ВМ	CNS	CVS	EY	GIT	IS	Ki	Li	RP	RS	SK	UT
Radon-222	14859-67-7	4										0.050			
Chemical Name	CAS Number	Federal Health Limit [µg/L]	BL	ВМ	CNS	CVS	EY	GIT	IS	Ki	Li	RP	RS	SK	UT
Di(2- ethylhexyl)phthalate	117-81-7	6			0.183		0.183	0.183	0.183	0.183	0.183	0.183	0.183	0.183	
2,3,7,8- Tetrachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin	1746-01-6	3E-06					0.143			0.143	0.143		0.143	0.143	
Total Nitrate/Nitrite	14797-55-8	10,000	0.460			0.460							0.460		
Chemical Name	CAS Number	Federal Health Limit [µg/100 cm²]	BL	ВМ	CNS	CVS	EY	GIT	IS	Ki	Li	RP	RS	SK	UT
Aroclor-1260	11096-82-5	10												0.925	
Aroclor-1254	11097-69-1	10												0.925	
Cumulative Ri	Cumulative Risk By Target Organ				0.255	<mark>0.460</mark>	0.398	0.255	0.255	0.326	0.326	0.305	<mark>0.786</mark>	2.248	0.000



Health Risk Assessment Summary

- This Health Risk Assessment (HRA) combined three interim reports to characterize cancer and noncancer risk as a range between shift work to a lifetime exposure.
- Provides a single snapshot of the current environment; does not describe past environments
- Results warrant active monitoring of MAF personnel as an occupational shop
 - Bioenvironmental will conduct annual sampling and update the HRA based on sampling results
 - Public Health will guide shop supervisors in hazard communication for workplace exposures
 - Public Health in concert with supervisors will maintain accurate unit rosters
 - Occupational and Environmental Health Exposure Data added to every member's medical record
- HRA and annual sampling results available in Defense Occupational and Environmental Health Readiness System (DOEHRS)
 - DOEHRS data feeds to Individual Longitudinal Exposure Record (ILER)



Way Forward

- DOEHRS/ILER
- Burning Classified Materials
- Complete Epidemiology Review
 - Phase 2 continuing to receive data from civilian cancer registries through the Virtual Pooled Registry; projected completion Dec 2025
- Stakeholder Engagement
 - Continuing to pass along study updates to Veterans Affairs (VA)
 - VA Coordination Military Environmental Exposure Sub-Council
 - Congressional updates
 - For more information on expanded VA coverage

The PACT Act And Your VA Benefits | Veterans Affairs







